

Analysis of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) – an Analytical Challenge!

Milica Jovanovic MSc

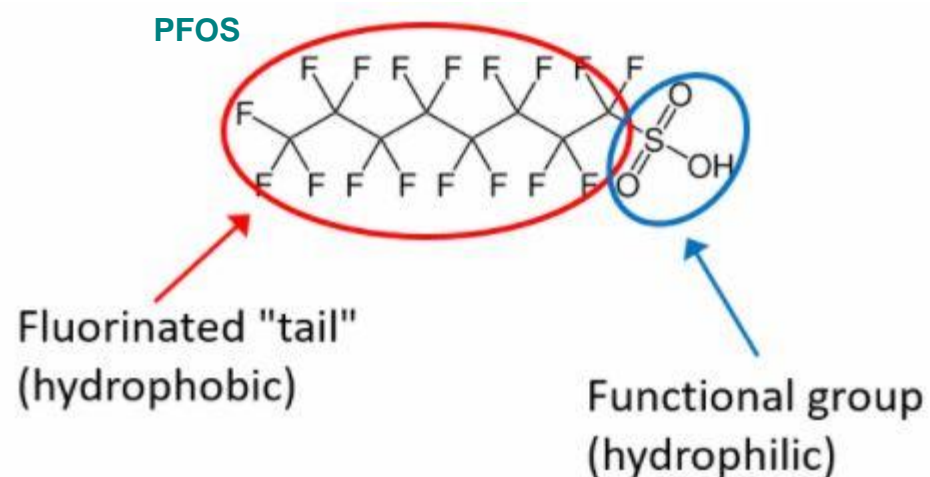
Erich Leitner Prof. Dr.

Institute of Analytical Chemistry and Food Chemistry

Graz University of Technology

What are PFAS?

Poly and PerFluoro Alkyl Substances



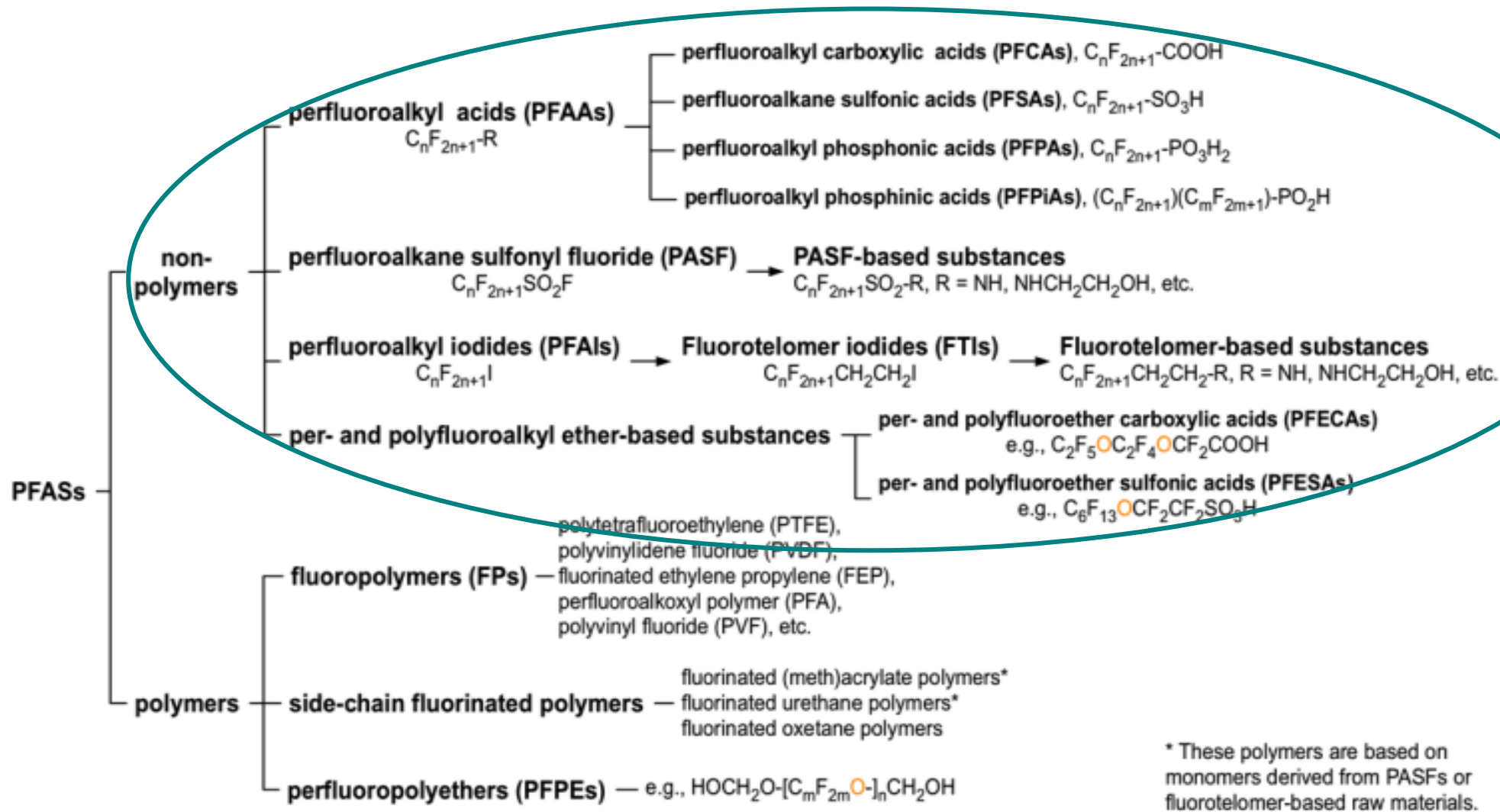
- C-F bond is one of the strongest chemical bonds known
- Repel water, fat and dirt



- Resistant towards aggressive chemicals and physical strain
- Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- Widely detected in wildlife and humans

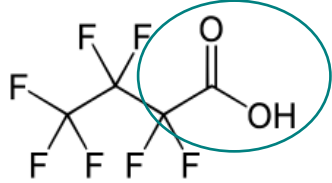


Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFASs)

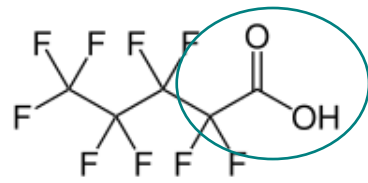




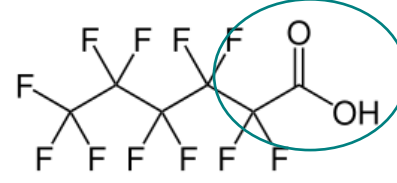
Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids – C4 – C14



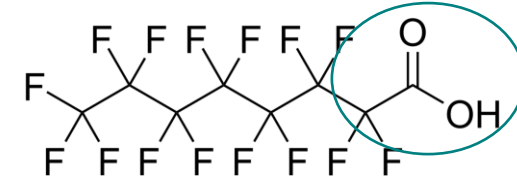
PFBA - Perfluorobutanoic acid



PFPeA - Perfluoropentanoic acid



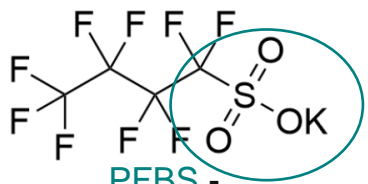
PFHxA - Perfluorohexanoic acid



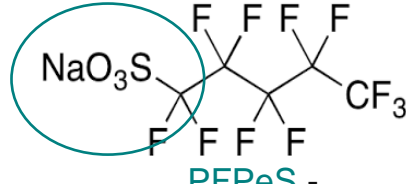
PFOA - Perfluorooctanoic acid

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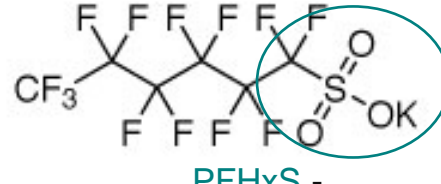
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonates – C4 – C10



perfluorobutanesulfonate



perfluoropentanesulfonate



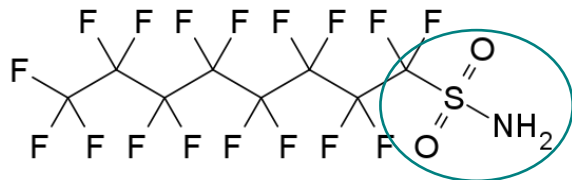
perfluorohexanesulfonate



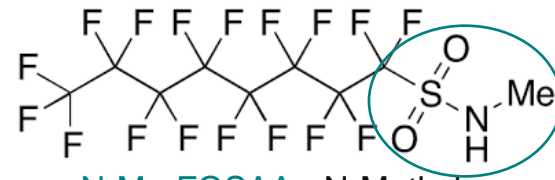
perfluorooctanesulfonate

...

Perfluoroalkyl sulfonamides



FOSA - perfluorooctanesulfonamide

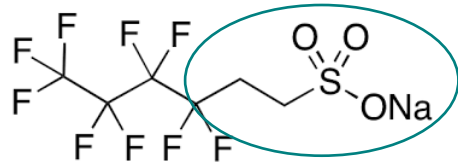


N-Me-FOSAA - N-Methyl-Perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic acid

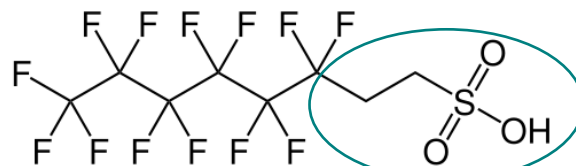


N-Et-FOSAA - N-Ethyl-Perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic acid

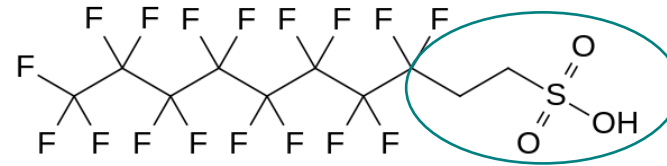
Telomer sulfonates



4:2FTS - Sodium 1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluorohexane sulfonate



6:2FTS - Sodium 1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluorooctane sulfonate



8:2FTS - Sodium 1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluorodecane sulfonate



Current situation:

- Complicated
- Various regulatory initiatives specify their acceptable levels in environmental matrices
- EPA – nonbinding advisory threshold for PFOA and PFOS in water of 70 ng/l
- REACH - The EU has decided to ban 200 PFAS substances in phases, starting February 2023



MEDIA RELEASE / JANUARY 13, 2021
McDonald's announces global ban of toxic chemicals in food packaging

Company eliminating PFAS in packaging materials by 2025

Source: safechemicals.org

NEWS | June 17, 2021

Burger King plans to remove PFAS from food packaging

Research suggests that certain PFAS can lead to increased cholesterol level, kidney and liver problems among other issues.

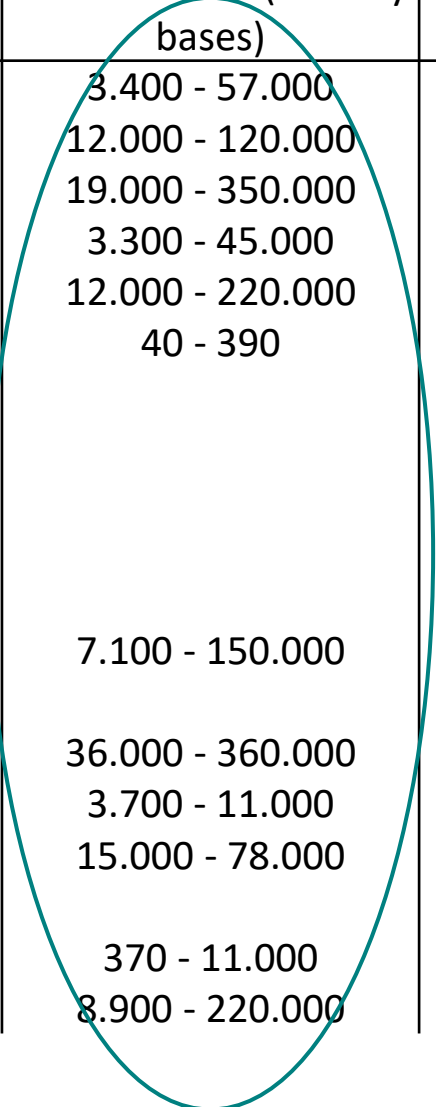


Burger King plans to eliminate PFAS chemicals from food packaging by the end of the year. Credit: 2Bens / Flickr

Source: packaging-gateway.com

PFAS Levels in Different Matrices

| Compound | Paper & board (ng/g) | | Food stuff (ppt) | Aqueous matrices (ng/L) | | | |
|----------|----------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| | | | | Ground water (military bases) | Bottled water | Tap water | Surface water |
| PFBA | 3.2 - 290 | 1.8 - 820 | 42.9 - 220 | 3.400 - 57.000 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 13.7 - 98.8 |
| PFPeA | 37 - 130 | 3.2 - 73 | 78.8 - 89 | 12.000 - 120.000 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 24.6 - 74.1 |
| PFHxA | 2.2 - 405 | 0.6 - 811 | 98.6 - 108 | 19.000 - 350.000 | 0.58 | 4.5 | 1.47 - 12.8 |
| PFHpA | 1.3 - 320 | 3.9 - 15 | 30 - 46.9 | 3.300 - 45.000 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 0.12 - 2.23 |
| PFOA | 0.1 - 290 | 2.2 - 56 | 29 - 169 | 12.000 - 220.000 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 4.26 - 15.4 |
| PFNA | | 7 - 9 | 1400 | 40 - 390 | 0.05 | 4.5 | 0.022 - 0.64 |
| PFDA | 4.3 - 140 | 2.8 - 44 | 760 - 3400 | | 0.69 | 1.0 | 0.22 - 0.27 |
| PFUdA | | | 990 - 6540 | | 0.39 | 1.6 | |
| PFDoA | | | 1100 | | 2.9 | 1.1 | 0.048 - 1.11 |
| PFTTrDA | | | | | 0.17 | 0.94 | 0.09 - 0.28 |
| PFTeA | | | | | 0.08 | 0.62 | 0.03 - 0.78 |
| L-PF | | | 69 | 7.100 - 150.000 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.95 - 12.6 |
| L-PF | | | 76 | | | | |
| L-PF | | | 1270 | 36.000 - 360.000 | 0.67 | 1.0 | 0.087 - 1.58 |
| L-PFHps | | | 181 | 3.700 - 11.000 | | | |
| L-PFOS | | | 20.9 - 5000 | 15.000 - 78.000 | 0.67 | 4.1 | |
| L-PFDS | | | | | | 1.5 | 0.023 - 0.19 |
| 4:2FTS | | | | 370 - 11.000 | | | |
| 6:2FTS | | | | 8.900 - 220.000 | | | |



What levels of PFAS are acceptable in food contact materials?



Source: bioringpaper.com

California – banned intentionally added PFAS;
starting January 2023 > 100 ppm

Denmark – 20 ppm

Consumer Reports: 118 products from biggest fast food chains in US

37 – organic fluorine levels
>20 ppm
22 – organic fluorine levels
>100 ppm

½ at least one product
> 100 ppm
Most – one or more products
> 20 ppm

PFAS in Paper and Board FCM



Source: papertr.com

PFAS are not present in fresh paper fibers

However...



Source: Shutterstock

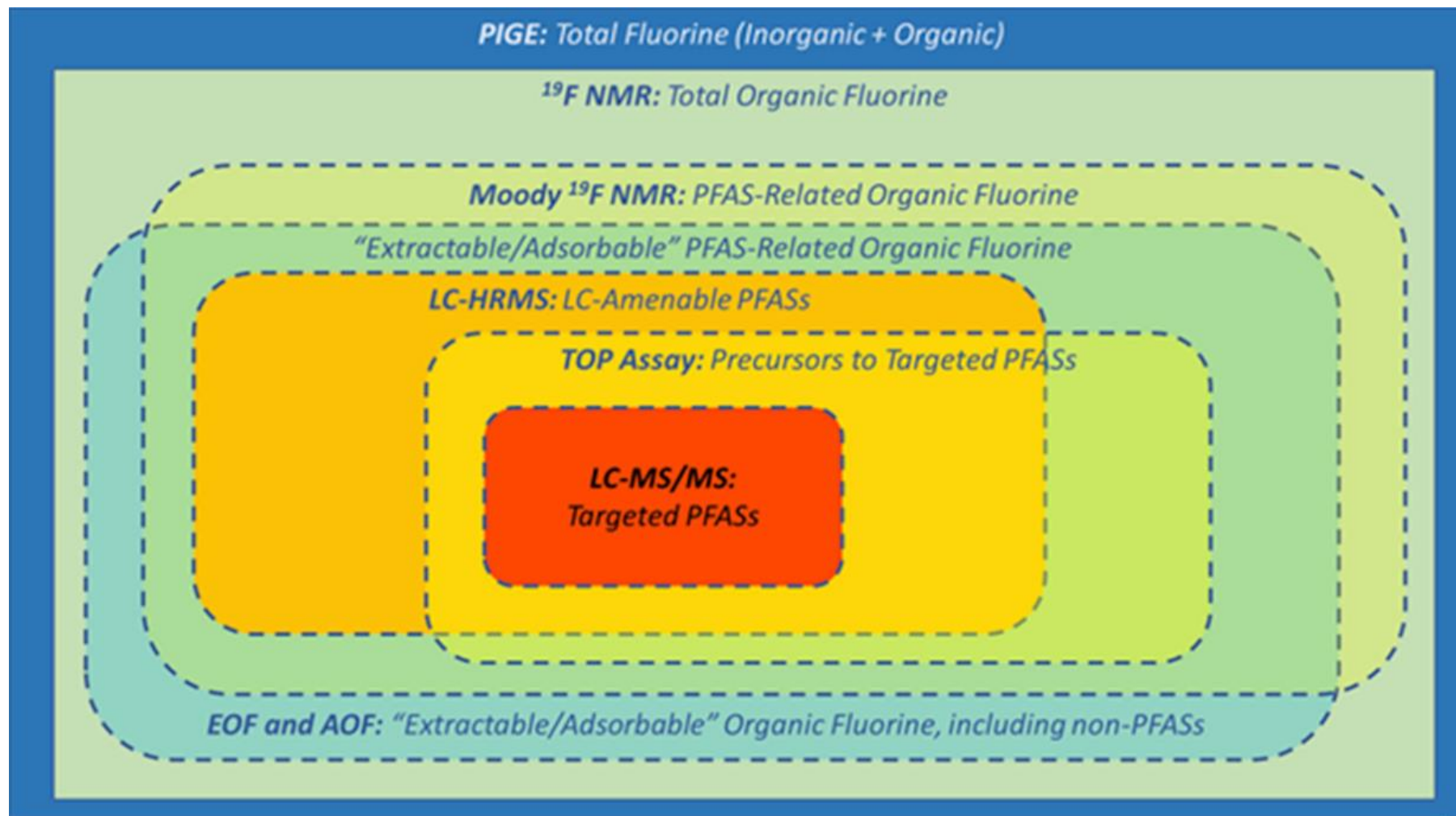


Source: dreamstime.com

Possible analytical challenges...

- Over 5000 different PFAS so far
- Precursors with known and unknown structures
- Polarity
- Ubiquitous presence in the environment – also in laboratory instrumentation
- Sampling issues:
 - ✓ Personal equipment (clothes treated with PFAS, fabric softeners, hand cremes...)
 - ✓ Sampling containers – HDPE or PP
 - ✓ Lab equipment (PTFE tubing, filters, bottle head assembly, multisampler tubing parts...)

PFAS Analysis – an Overview



Source: McDonough, Guelfo et al. 2019 – Measuring Total PFASs in Water

Analytical Approach

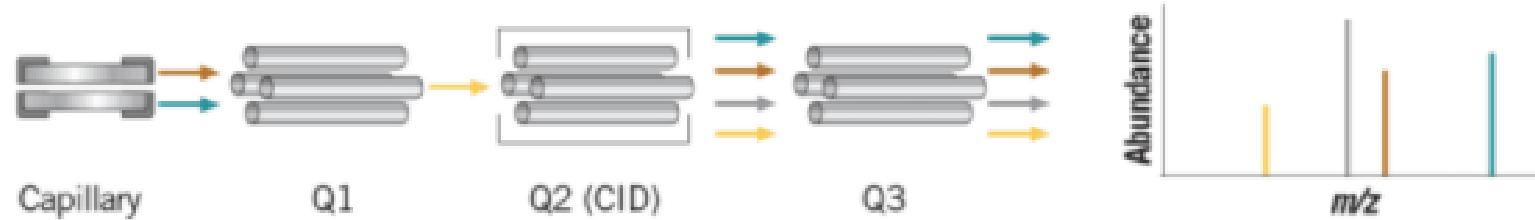
High-performance liquid chromatography coupled with triple quadrupole mass spectrometry – LC/MS-MS



Source: shimadzu.com

Separating power of LC & highly sensitive and selective mass analysis capability of triple quadrupole mass spectrometry

Targeted Analysis



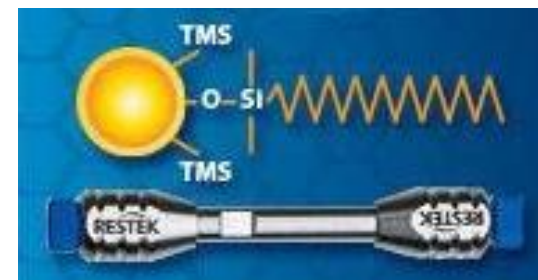
| Compound | Acronim | Precursor ion | Product ion | Compound | Acronim | Precursor ion | Product ion |
|---|---------|---------------|-------------|---|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| 1. Perfluoro-n-butanoic acid | PFBA | 212.80 | 169.10 | 13. Potassium perfluorooctanesulfonate | PFOSK | 498.90 | 79.95 |
| 2. Perfluoro-n-pentanoic acid | PFPeA | 262.80 | 219.10 | | | | 98.90 |
| 3. Potassium perfluoro-1-butanefulfonate | L-PFBFS | 298.90 | 79.90 | 14. Sodium 1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorodecane sulfonate | 8:2FTS | 526.90 | 506.90 |
| 4. Sodium 1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorohexane sulfonate | 4:2FTS | 326.90 | 306.90 | | | | 81.05 |
| | | | 80.80 | 15. Perfluoro-n-decanoic acid | PFDA | 513.10 | 469.05 |
| 5. Perfluoro-n-hexanoic acid | PFHxA | 312.90 | 268.95 | 16. Sodium perfluoro-1-nonanesulfonate | L-PFNS | 548.90 | 80.00 |
| 6. Sodium perfluoro-1-pentanesulfonate | L-PFPeS | 348.90 | 80.00 | | | | 98.90 |
| | | | 98.95 | 17. N-Methyl-Perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic acid | N-MeFOSAA | 570.00 | 419.10 |
| 7. Perfluoro-n-heptanoic acid | PFHpA | 363.00 | 319.05 | | | | 512.00 |
| | | | 169.10 | 18. N-Ethyl-Perfluorooctanesulfonamido acetic acid | N-EtFOSAA | 584.00 | 419.05 |
| 8. Potassium perfluoro-1-hexanesulfonate | PFHxSK | 398.90 | 80.05 | | | | 526.00 |
| | | | 98.90 | | | | 482.95 |
| 9. Sodium 1H.1H.2H.2H-perfluorooctane sulfonate | 6:2FTS | 426.90 | 407.10 | 19. Perfluoro-1-octanesulfonamide | FOSA | 498.00 | 78.00 |
| | | | 80.00 | 20. Perfluoro-n-undecanoic acid | PFUdA | 562.80 | 518.90 |
| 10. Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid | PFOA | 413.00 | 369.10 | | | | 269.00 |
| | | | 169.05 | 21. Sodium perfluoro-1-decanesulfonate | L-PFDS | 598.90 | 80.00 |
| 11. Sodium perfluoro-1-heptanesulfonate | L-PFHpS | 449.00 | 80.00 | | | | 99.00 |
| | | | 98.85 | 22. Perfluoro-n-dodecanoic acid | PFDoA | 612.90 | 568.75 |
| | | | 169.15 | 23. Perfluoro-n-tridecanoic acid | PFTTrDA | 662.90 | 618.95 |
| 12. Perfluoro-n-nonanoic acid | PFNA | 463.00 | 419.00 | 24. Perfluoro-n-tetradecanoic acid | PFTeDA | 713.00 | 669.00 |
| | | | 217.10 | | | | 168.85 |
| | | | | | | | 268.95 |

LC and MS System Parameters

LC System and Parameters

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| LC System: | Shimadzu LCMS-8050 |
| Analytical Column: | Restek Raptor C18 2.7 μ m 50 x 2.1 mm |
| Delay Column: | Restek PFAS Delay Column 5 μ m x 50 mm x 2.1 mm |
| Column temperature: | 40°C |
| Injection: | 5 μ l |
| Mobile phase | A: 5 mM ammonium acetate B: MeOH |
| Flow rate: | 0.4 ml/min |
| Run time: | 10 min |

| Gradient: | Time (min) | %B |
|-----------|------------|----|
| | 0 | 20 |
| | 8 | 95 |
| | 8.01 | 20 |
| | 10 | 20 |



Analytical column



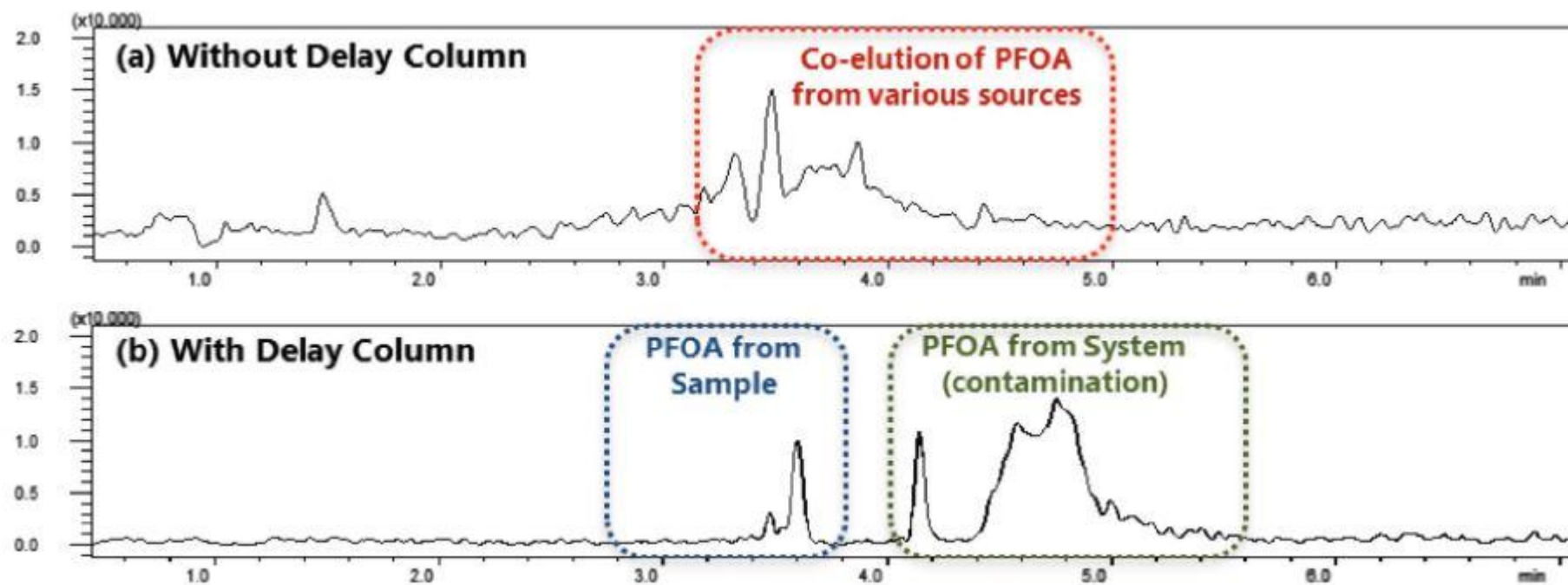
Delay column

MS Acquisition Parameters

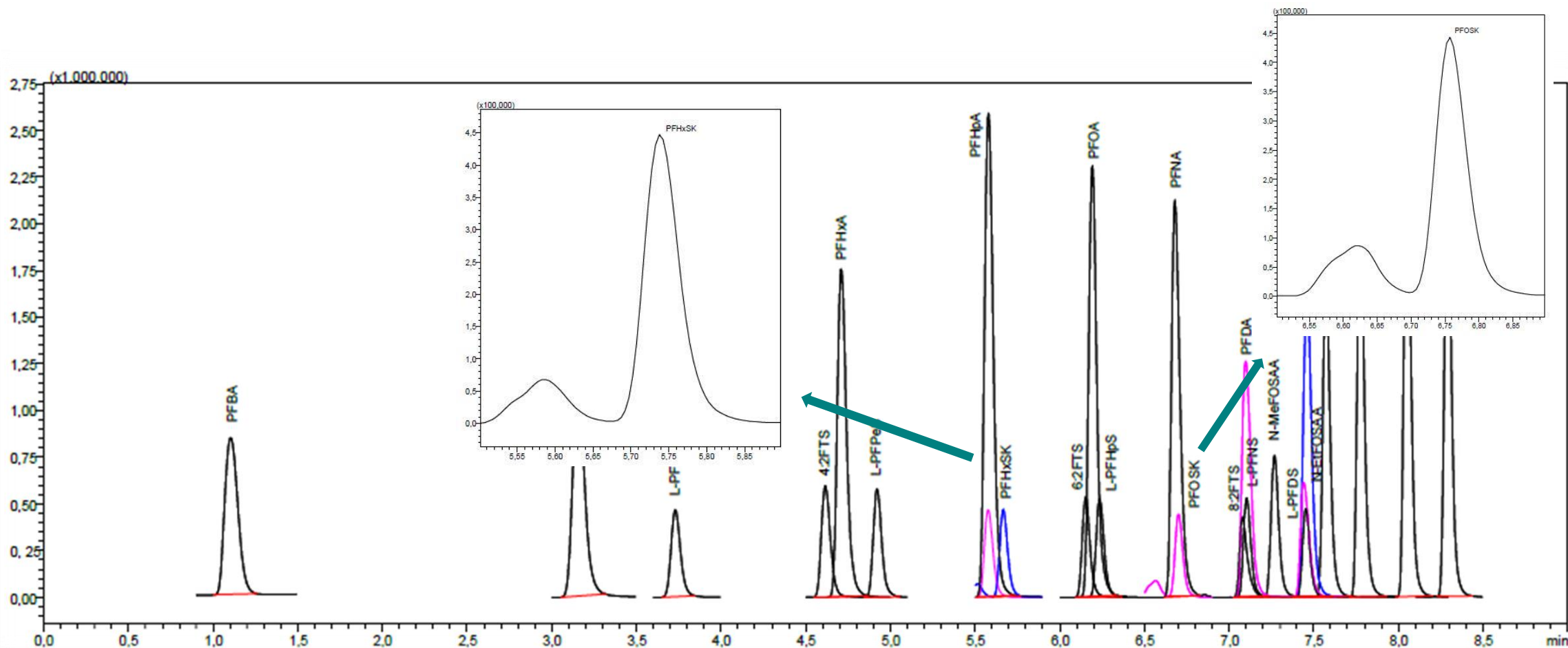
| | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| MS Instrument: | Schimidzu LCMS-8050 |
| Interface: | ESI |
| Interface Temperature: | 300°C |
| Desolvation Line Temperature: | 100°C |
| Heat Block Temperature: | 200°C |
| Heating Gas Flow: | 10 l/min |
| Drying Gas Flow: | 10 l/min |
| Nebulizing Gas Flow: | 2 l/min |
| Interface Voltage | -0.5 kV |

Sorry for the delay....

- PTFE tubing is common in mobile phase lines
- PFAS delay column is installed between the mixer and injector
- Not an analytical column
- Prevents PFAS upstream of the injector from coeluting



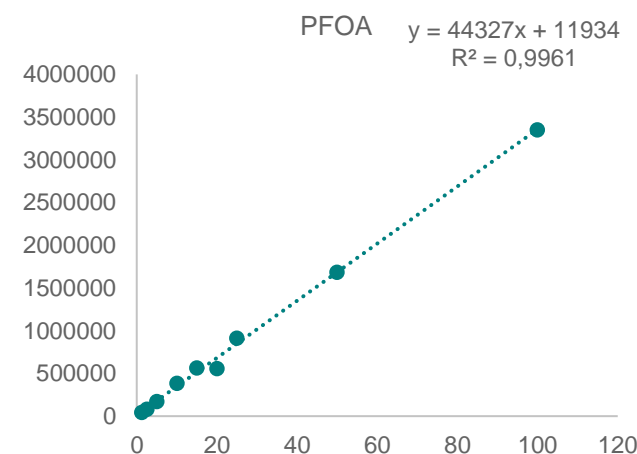
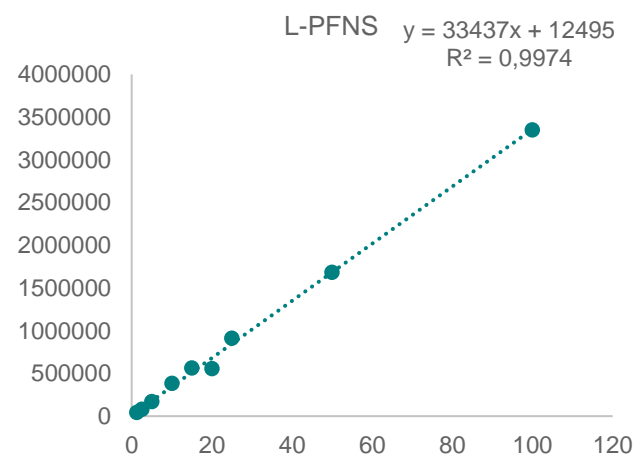
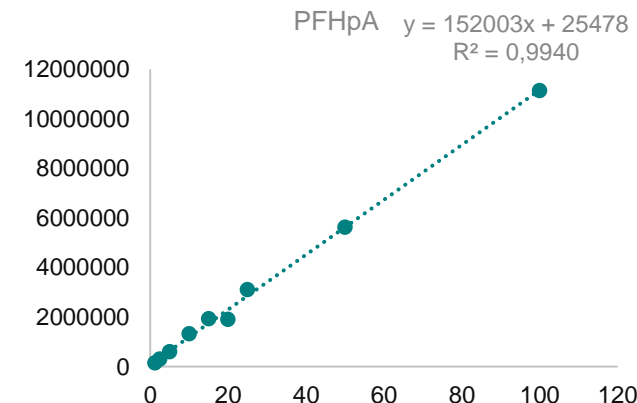
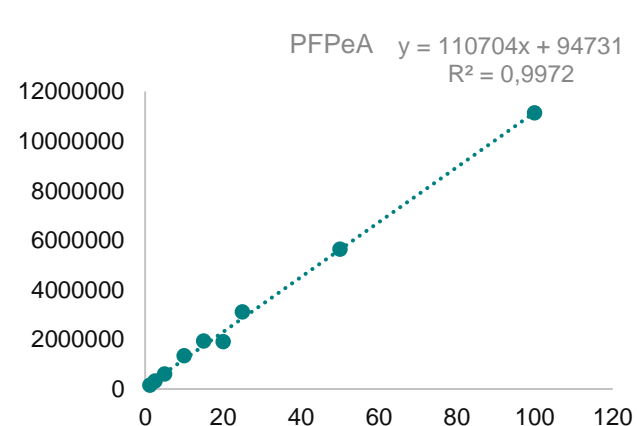
LC Separation



High range linearity: 9 calibration points: 1.25 – 100 pg/μl

Low range linearity: 10 calibration points: 20 – 0.01 pg/μl

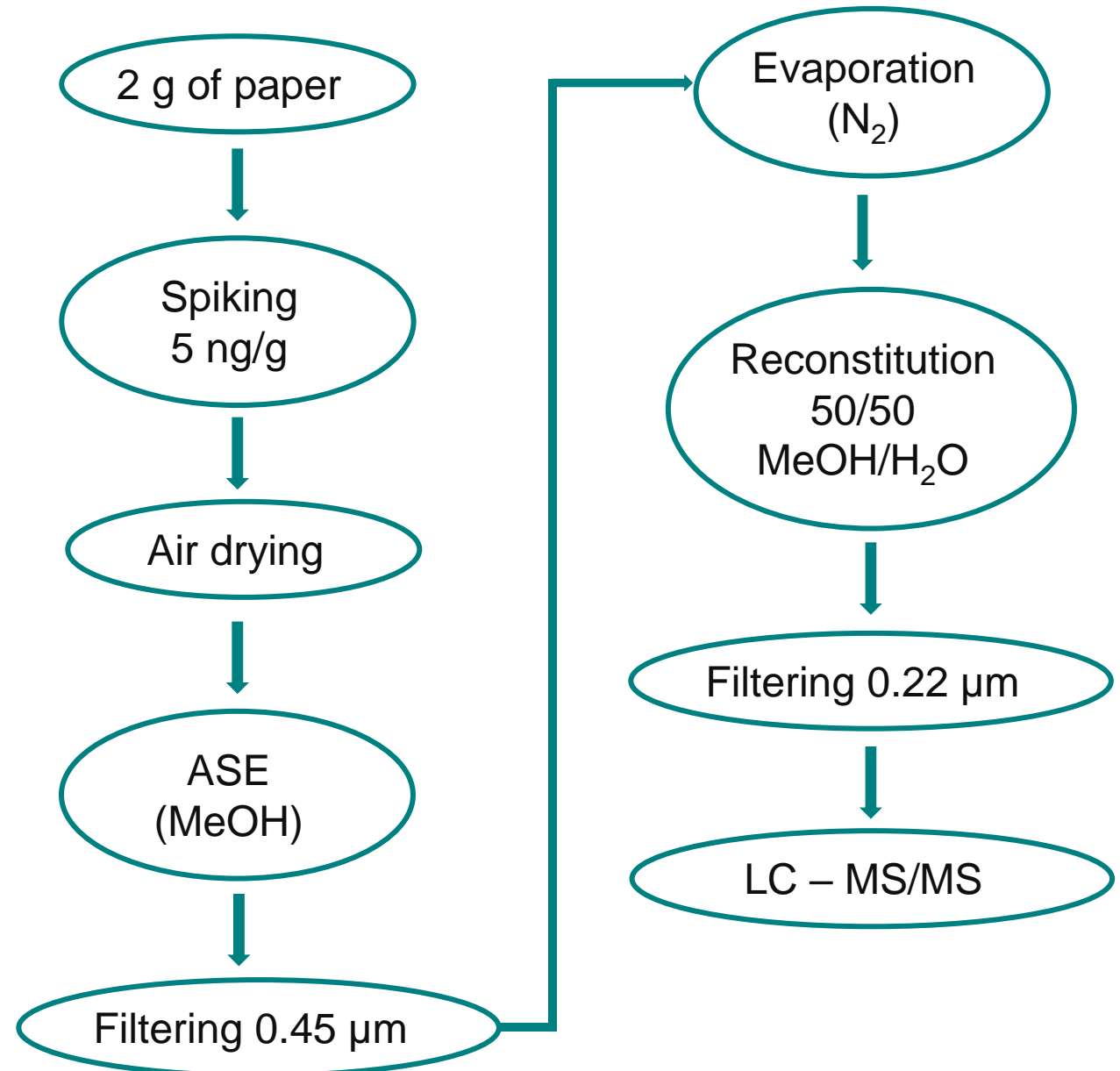
| Compound | High concentration range | | Low concentration range | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | Linearity (R ²) | RSD% | Linearity (R ²) | RSD% |
| PFBA | 0.9984 | 0.94 | 0.9921 | 1.39 |
| PFPeA | 0.9982 | 1.96 | 0.9916 | 2.00 |
| L-PFBS | 0.9990 | 1.15 | 0.9857 | 2.70 |
| 4:2FTS | 0.9950 | 1.09 | 0.9916 | 3.89 |
| PFHxA | 0.9966 | 1.09 | 0.9931 | 4.71 |
| L-PFPeS | 0.9991 | 0.98 | 0.9860 | 5.26 |
| PFHpA | 0.9956 | 1.00 | 0.9940 | 2.93 |
| PFHxSK | 0.9991 | 1.03 | 0.9821 | 5.43 |
| 6:2FTS | 0.9944 | 1.19 | 0.9956 | 3.30 |
| PFOA | 0.9883 | 1.00 | 0.9961 | 2.05 |
| L-PFHpS | 0.9988 | 1.33 | 0.9850 | 3.75 |
| PFNA | 0.9857 | 0.91 | 0.9970 | 2.24 |
| PFOSK | 0.9991 | 1.04 | 0.9861 | 6.20 |
| 8:2FTS | 0.9767 | 1.78 | 0.9980 | 5.10 |
| PFDA | 0.9749 | 1.03 | 0.9870 | 3.95 |
| L-PFNS | 0.9988 | 3.35 | 0.9974 | 3.37 |
| N-MeFOSAA | 0.9993 | 2.31 | 0.9852 | 10.21 |
| N-EtFOSAA | 0.9904 | 3.06 | 0.9840 | 2.90 |
| FOSA | 0.9992 | 0.84 | 0.9945 | 4.95 |
| PFUdA | 0.9782 | 1.78 | 0.9976 | 5.09 |
| L-PFDS | 0.9984 | 1.73 | 0.9870 | 3.40 |
| PFDoA | 0.9972 | 1.82 | 0.9891 | 5.54 |
| PFTTrDA | 0.9981 | 4.78 | 0.9833 | 9.52 |



Extraction Experiments

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Paper sample:
recycled paper 70 g/m² (no PFAS)



- Spiking the sample with PFAS mixture:
100, 50, 20, 10, 5, 2.5, 1, 0.5 and 0.1 ng/g
- Extraction: ASE with MeOH
- Average linearity: **0.9705**
- Average recovery: **88.7%**

What is next?

- ✓ Optimization of the method (extraction, linearity, recovery...)
- ✓ LOQ and LOD
- ✓ Analysis of real samples (paper straws, paper cups, fast food packaging...)

| Compound | Linearity (R ²) | Recovery (%) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| PFPeA | 0.9933 | 84.6 |
| L-PFBS | 0.9933 | 91.4 |
| 4-2FTS | 0.9877 | 89.2 |
| PFHxA | 0.9933 | 89.3 |
| L-PFPeS | 0.9932 | 89.3 |
| PFHpA | 0.9932 | 86.3 |
| PFHxSK | 0.9934 | 90.3 |
| 6:2FTS | 0.9880 | 85.3 |
| PFOA | 0.9929 | 87.8 |
| L-PFHpS | 0.9929 | 89.7 |
| PFOSK | 0.9922 | 90.4 |
| 8:2FTS | 0.9828 | 85.3 |
| PFDA | 0.9898 | 89.0 |
| L-PFNS | 0.9901 | 88.9 |
| N-MeFOSAA | 0.9900 | 86.7 |
| N-EtFOSAA | 0.9818 | 88.9 |
| FOSA | 0.9889 | 93.2 |
| PFUdA | 0.9853 | 89.4 |
| L-PFDS | 0.9868 | 90.5 |
| PFDoA | 0.9710 | 89.4 |
| PFTTrDA | 0.9050 | 90.4 |
| PFTeDA | 0.6665 | 89.6 |

Conclusions

- ✓ Despite their benefits, PFAS pose a risk worth measuring
- ✓ Method for specifically identifying and quantifying PFAS in food packaging
- ✓ Shimadzu LCMS-8050 reliably measures PFAS up to 0.01 pg/ μ l
- ✓ Suitable for high-throughput multi-component analysis
- ✓ Integral part of a simple and efficient method for monitoring and quantification of PFAS

Acknowledgements



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Chemistry and Food Chemistry

Prof. Erich Leitner



Thank you for your attention

Presenter:

Milica Jovanovic MSc
Technical University of Graz
Institute for Analytical Chemistry and Food Chemistry
8010 Graz/Austria
Tel: 0316 873-32517
Email: milica.jovanovic@tugraz.at