

Multi-class pesticides analysis in challenging vegetable matrices using fast 5 msec MRM with 15 msec polarity switching

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# Introduction

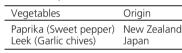
Many regulatory authorities have established multi-class residual pesticides methods for the analysis of vegetables, fruits and other food stuffs. There is, however no global agreement on the provision of a target list of pesticides and this presents a risk with products moving between different regulatory requirements. In order to eliminate this risk, food safety laboratories need to ideally screen as many compounds as possible in a single run which may reach maximum residual limits (MRL); typically 10 ppb in food matrices.

In this study, we report the application of ultra-fast 5 msec MRM with 15 msec polarity switching for the analysis of 138 pesticides in vegetable matrices (72 and 66 compounds measured by LC-QqQ and GC-QqQ in the European Union Reference Laboratory (EURL) method).

## Materials and Methods Sample Preparation (QuEChERS EU method)

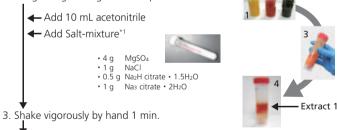


#### Food sample



#### Step 1 : Sample Extraction

- 1. Homoginize vegetables with food processor and homoginizer
- 2. Weigh 10 g homoginized sample



4. Centrifuge for 5 min. at 4000 rpm (Extract 1)

\*1 : Citrate Extraction Tube (SIGMA ALDRICH)

#### Step 2 : Sample Clean up



\*2 : PSA/ENVI-Carb SPE Clean Up Tube 2 (SIGMA ALDRICH)

### LC/MS/MS analysis

#### Analytical Conditions

HPLC : Nexera UHPLC system				
Column	: Shim-pack XR-ODSII (75 mm x 2 mml.D., 2.2 um)			
Mobile phase	: A ; 2 mM ammonium formate containing 0.1%			
	formic acid – water			
	B ; Methanol			
Gradient program	: 5% B (0-2.5 min.)→55% B (2.51-6 min.)→80%			
	B (6.01-12 min.) →100% (12-15 min.)→5%			
	(15.01-20 min.)			
Flow rate	: 0.2 mL / min.			
Column temperatur	re : 40°C			

#### MS : LCMS-8040 Triple quadrupole mass spectrometer

Ionization	: ESI (Positive / Negative)
lon spray voltage	: +4.5 kV / -3.5 kV
MRM	: 276 MRM transitions (2 MRMs / compound)
	Dwell time 5 msec. / Pause time 1 msec.

#### Features of LCMS-8040

- 5 times higher sensitivity compared to LCMS-8030
- An ultra fast scan speed of **15000 u / sec.**
- An ultra fast polarity switching of 15 msec.
- An ultra fast MRM transition speed of 555 ch./ sec.



Fig. 1 LCMS-8040 Triple Quadrupole Mass Spectrometer

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### Results MRM of pesticide standards

Table 1 LOQs of 138 pesti	cides in the EURL method by LCMS-8040
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Technique (on the EURL method)	LOQs < 10 ppb	LOQs > 10 ppb	Not Ionization
by LC-QqQ	72 (100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
by GC-QqQ	47 (71%)	6 (9%)	13 (20%)

• 71 % of pesticides measured by GC-QqQ in the EURL method could achieved excellent LOQs (0.08-10 ppb) .

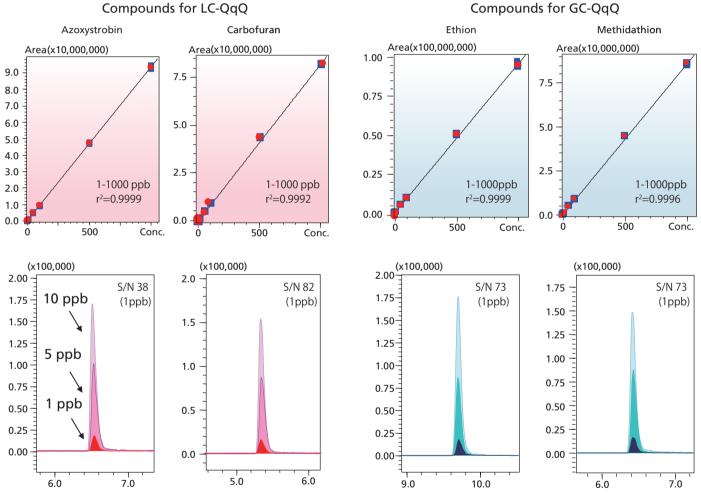
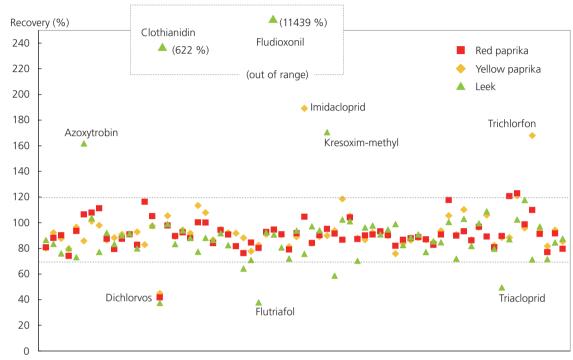


Fig. 2 Calibration curves and MRM chromatograms of typical pesticides

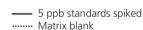
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### Recovery of pesticides in vegetable matrices

Fig. 3 Recovery of pesticides in the vegetable matrices (5 ppb spiked)

Approximately 90% of pesticides represented good recoveries in the range of 70-120% in all studied matrices.
Some pesticides indicating up to 120% of recovery were also detected in the matrix blank (Fig. 4).



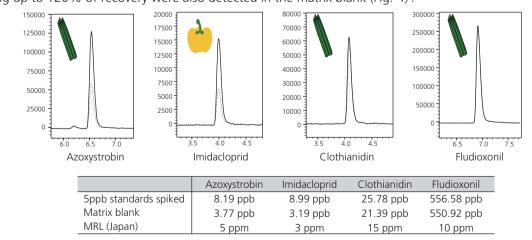


Fig. 4 MRM Chromatograms and quantitative results of 4 pesticides

# Conclusion

- MRL of pesticide in vegetable matrices pre-treatment by QuEChERS method could be measured successfully using fast 5 msec MRM with 15 msec polarity switching.
- Majority of pesticides being suggested to GC-QqQ technology on the EURL method was successfully covered by LC-QqQ.

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